

# *How cosmic rays shape galaxies*

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in collaboration with

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R. Pakmor<sup>3</sup>, K. Schaal, C. Simpson<sup>4</sup>, V. Springel<sup>3</sup>

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New Perspectives on Galactic Magnetism, Newcastle – Jun 2019

# Outline

## 1 Cosmic ray feedback in galaxies

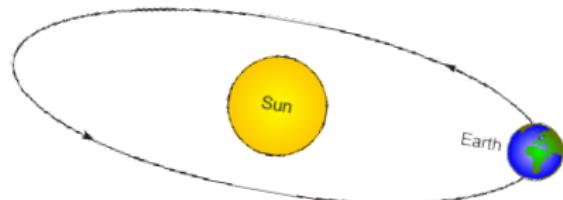
- Cosmic ray streaming
- Cosmic ray advection
- Cosmic ray diffusion

## 2 Non-thermal emission

- Overview
- Radio emission
- Electron transport



# Cosmic ray feedback: an extreme multi-scale problem



Milky Way-like galaxy:

$$r_{\text{gal}} \sim 10^4 \text{ pc}$$

gyro-orbit of GeV cosmic ray:

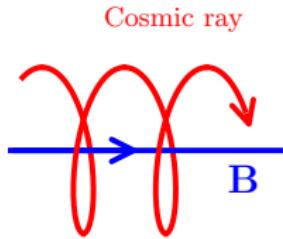
$$r_{\text{cr}} = \frac{p_{\perp}}{e B_{\mu G}} \sim 10^{-6} \text{ pc} \sim \frac{1}{4} \text{ AU}$$

⇒ need to develop a **fluid theory for a collisionless, non-Maxwellian component!**

Zweibel (2017), Jiang & Oh (2018), Thomas & CP (2018)



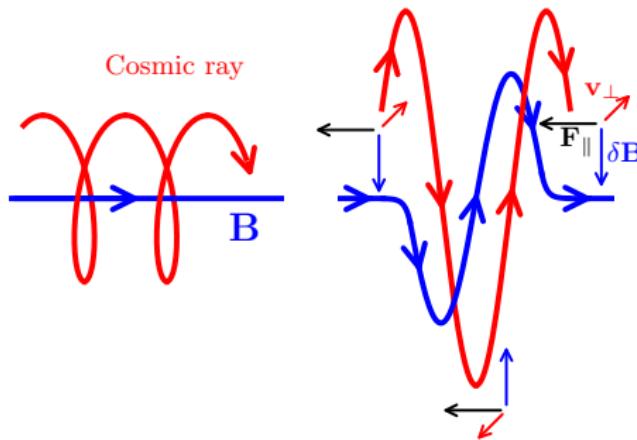
# Interactions of CRs and magnetic fields



sketch: Jacob



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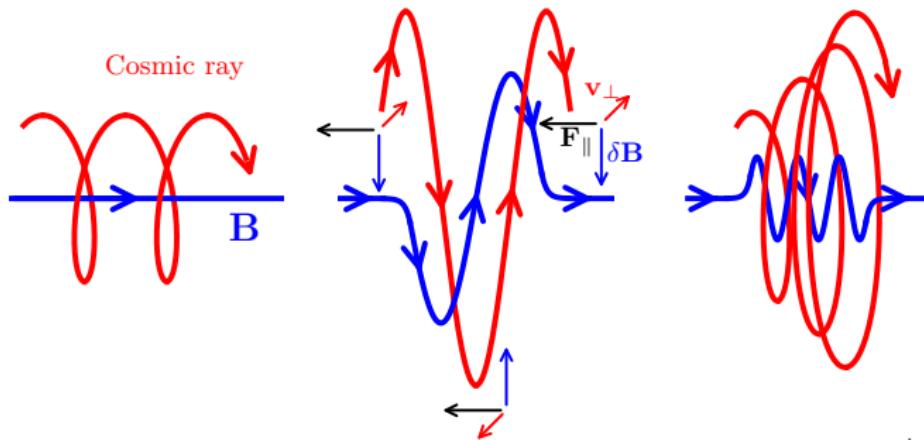
- **gyro resonance:**

$$\omega - k_{\parallel} v_{\parallel} = n\Omega$$

Doppler-shifted MHD frequency is a multiple of the CR gyrofrequency



# Interactions of CRs and magnetic fields



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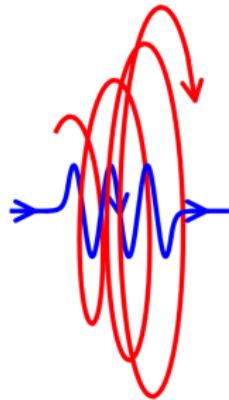
- CRs scatter on magnetic fields → isotropization of CR momenta



# CR streaming and diffusion

- **CR streaming instability:** Kulsrud & Pearce 1969

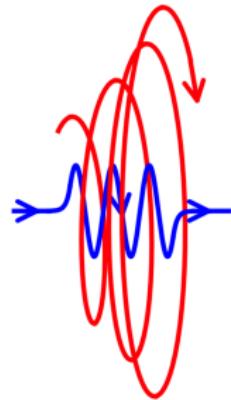
- if  $v_{\text{cr}} > v_a$ , CR flux excites and amplifies an Alfvén wave field in resonance with the gyroradii of CRs
- scattering off of this wave field limits the (GeV) CRs' bulk speed  $\sim v_a$
- wave damping: transfer of CR energy and momentum to the thermal gas



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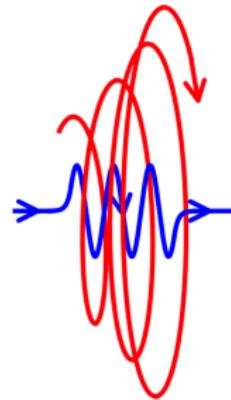


→ CRs exert pressure on thermal gas via scattering on Alfvén waves

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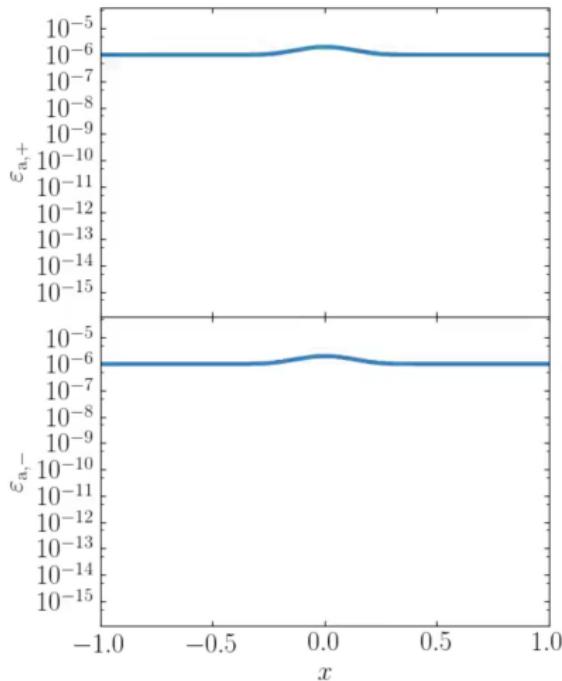
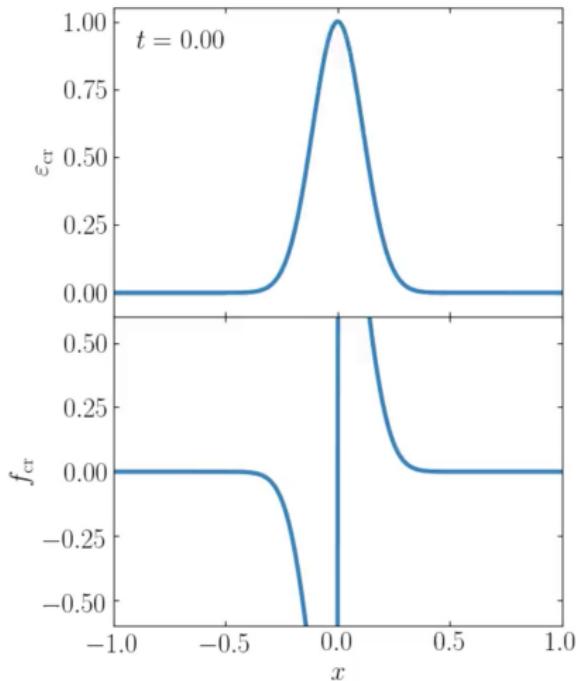
**weak wave damping:** strong coupling → CR stream with waves

**strong wave damping:** less waves to scatter → CR diffusion prevails



# Non-equilibrium CR streaming and diffusion

## Coupling the evolution of CR and Alfvén wave energy densities

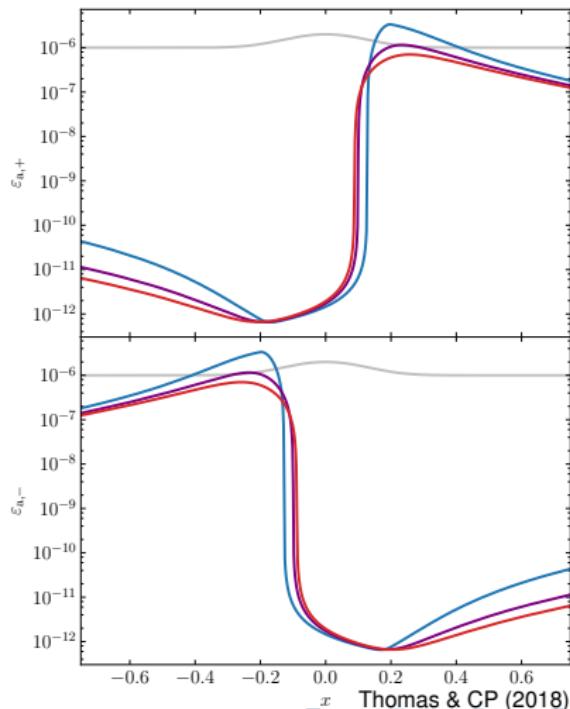
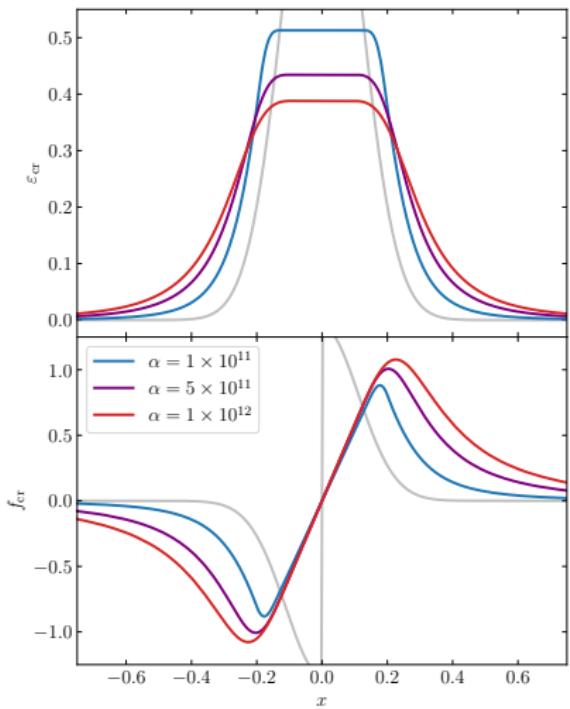


Thomas & CP (2018)



# Non-equilibrium CR streaming and diffusion

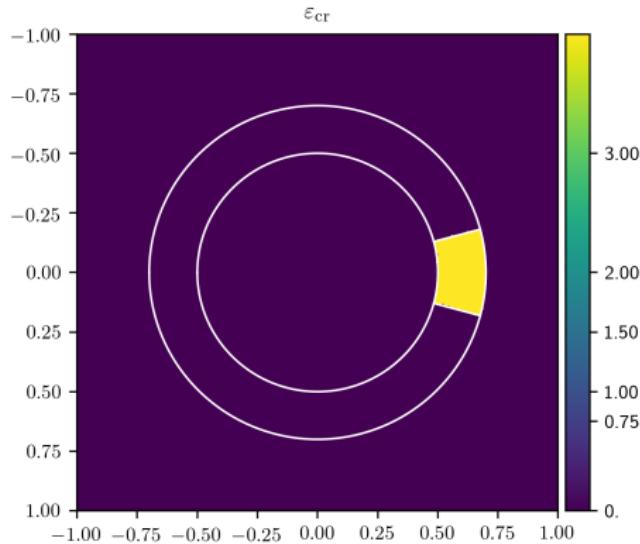
Varying damping rate of Alfvén waves modulates the diffusivity of solution



# Anisotropic CR streaming and diffusion – AREPO

CR transport mediated by Alfvén waves and coupled to magneto-hydrodynamics

- CR streaming and diffusion along magnetic field lines in the self-confinement picture
- moment expansion similar to radiation hydrodynamics
- accounts for kinetic physics: non-linear Landau damping, gyro-resonant instability, ...
- Galilean invariant and causal transport
- energy and momentum conserving



Thomas, Pakmor, CP (in prep.)

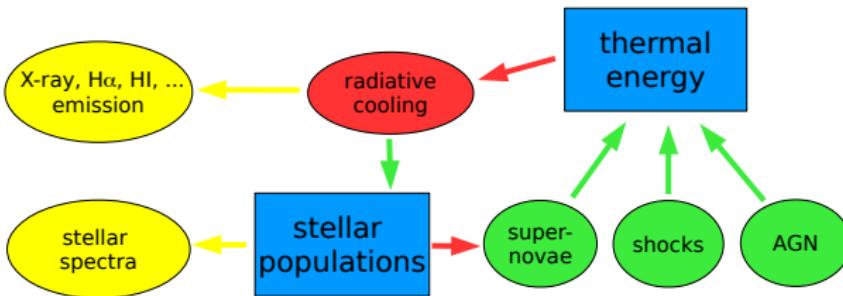


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# Simulations – flowchart

observables:

physical processes:



CP+ (2017a)

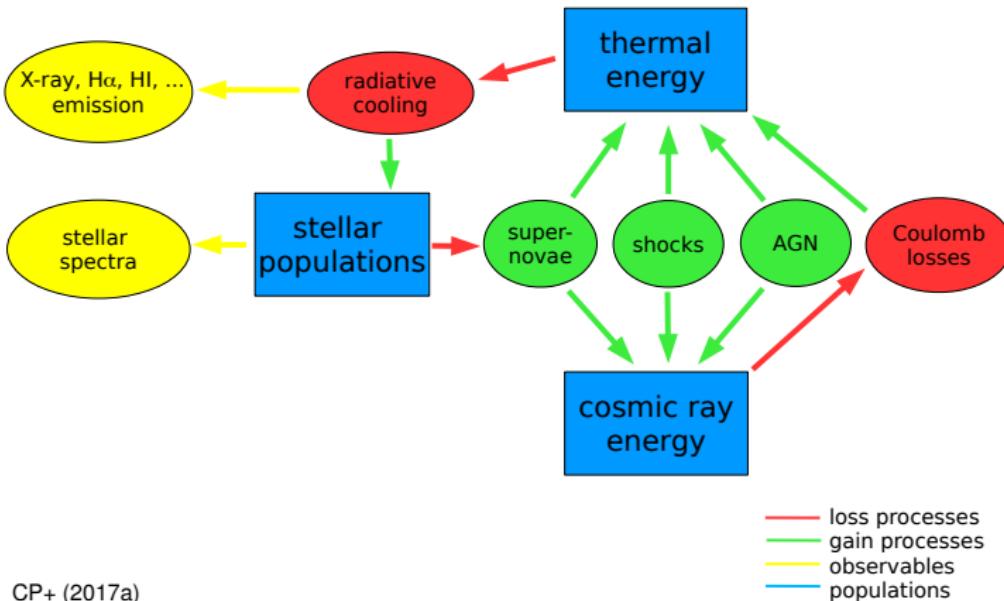
- loss processes
- gain processes
- observables
- populations



# Simulations with cosmic ray physics

observables:

physical processes:



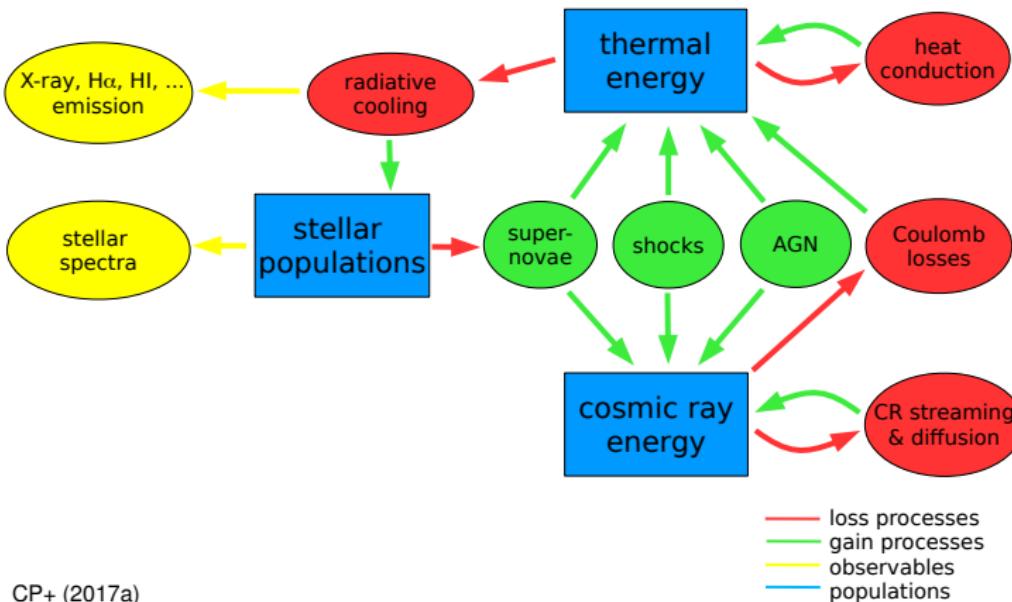
CP+ (2017a)



# Simulations with cosmic ray physics

observables:

physical processes:



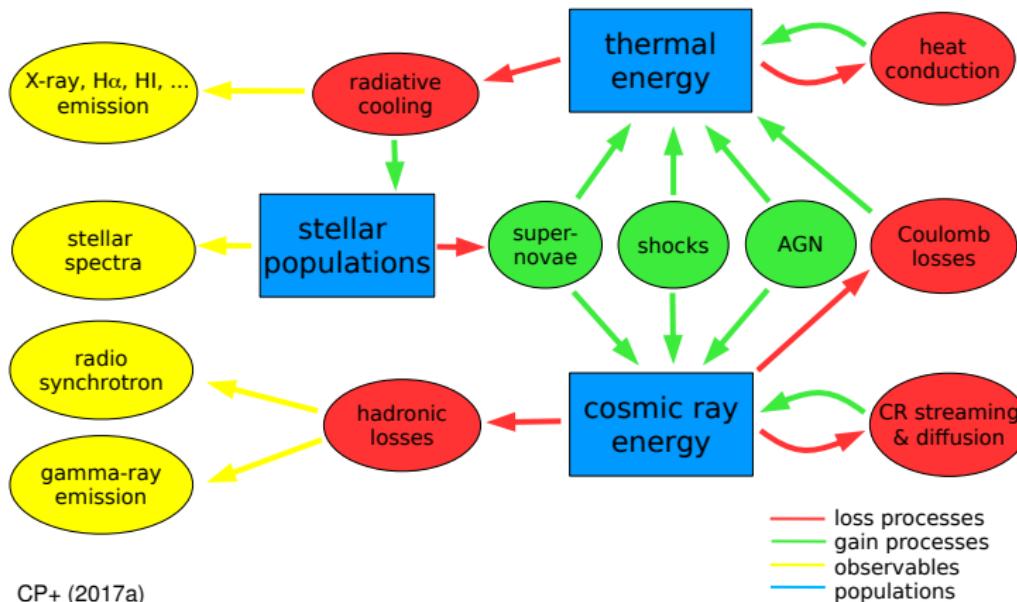
CP+ (2017a)



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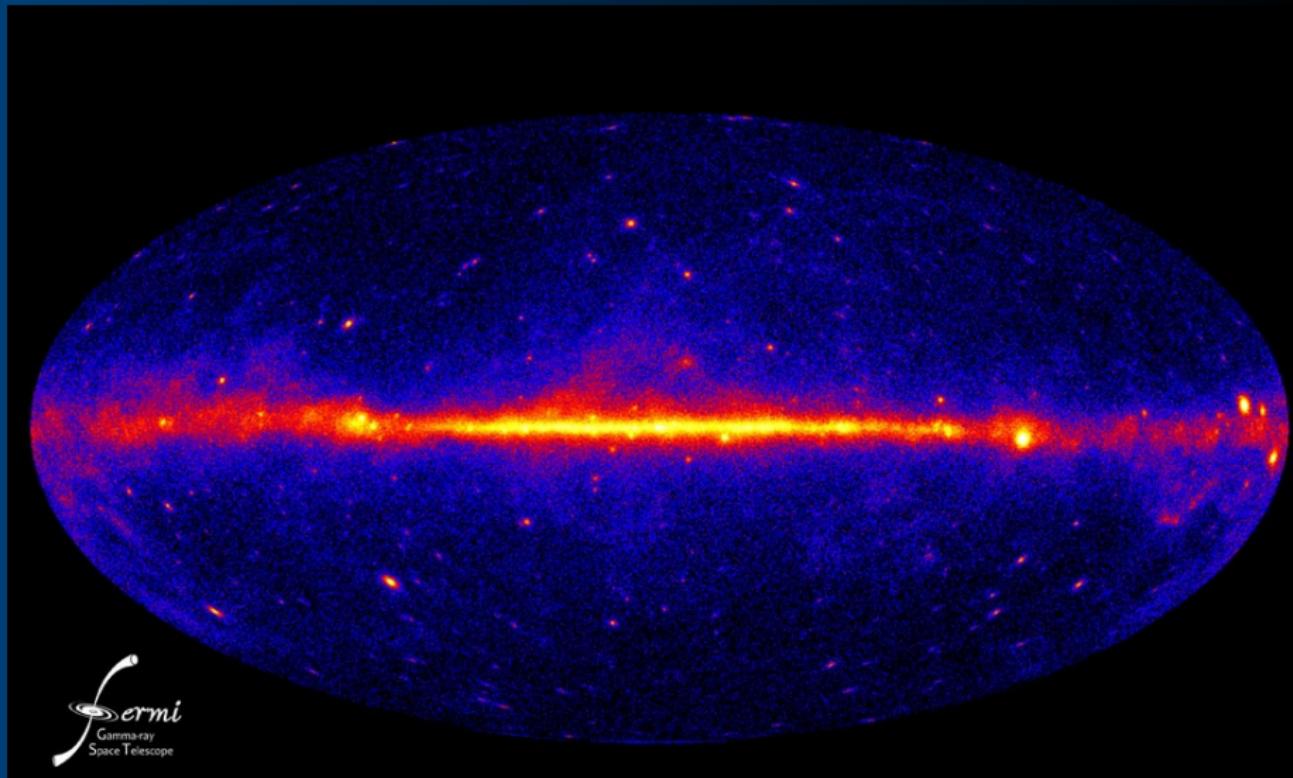
CP+ (2017a)



Cosmic ray feedback in galaxies  
Non-thermal emission

Cosmic ray streaming  
Cosmic ray advection  
Cosmic ray diffusion

# Gamma-ray emission of the Milky Way

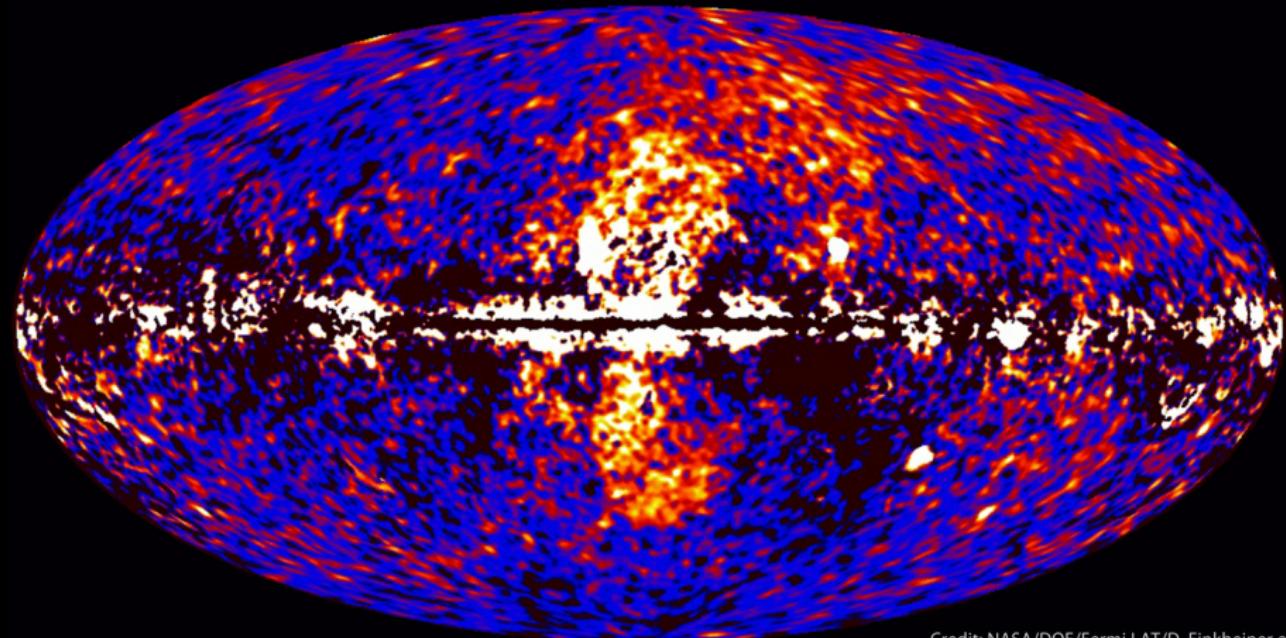


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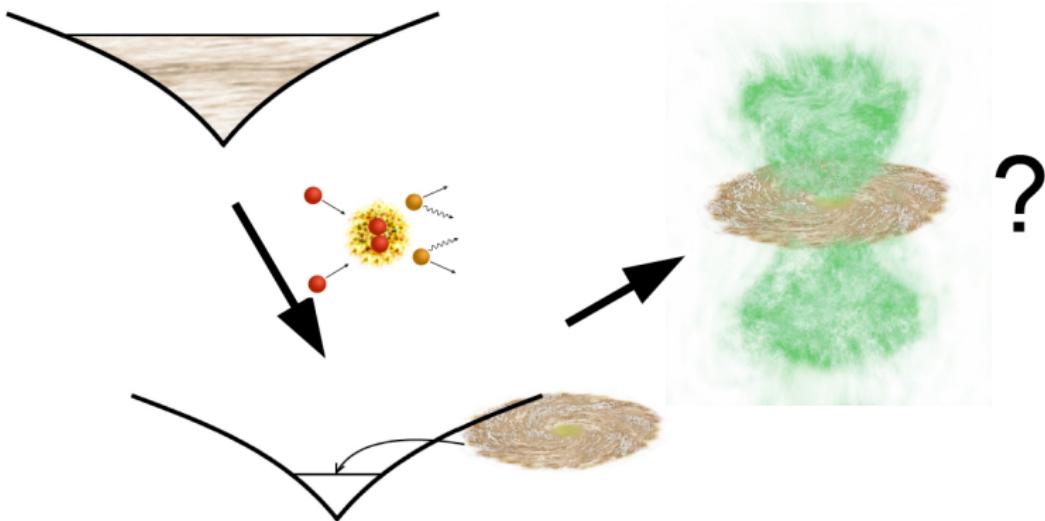
# Galactic wind in the Milky Way?

Fermi gamma-ray bubbles



Credit: NASA/DOE/Fermi LAT/D. Finkbeiner et al.

# Galaxy simulation setup: 1. cosmic ray advection

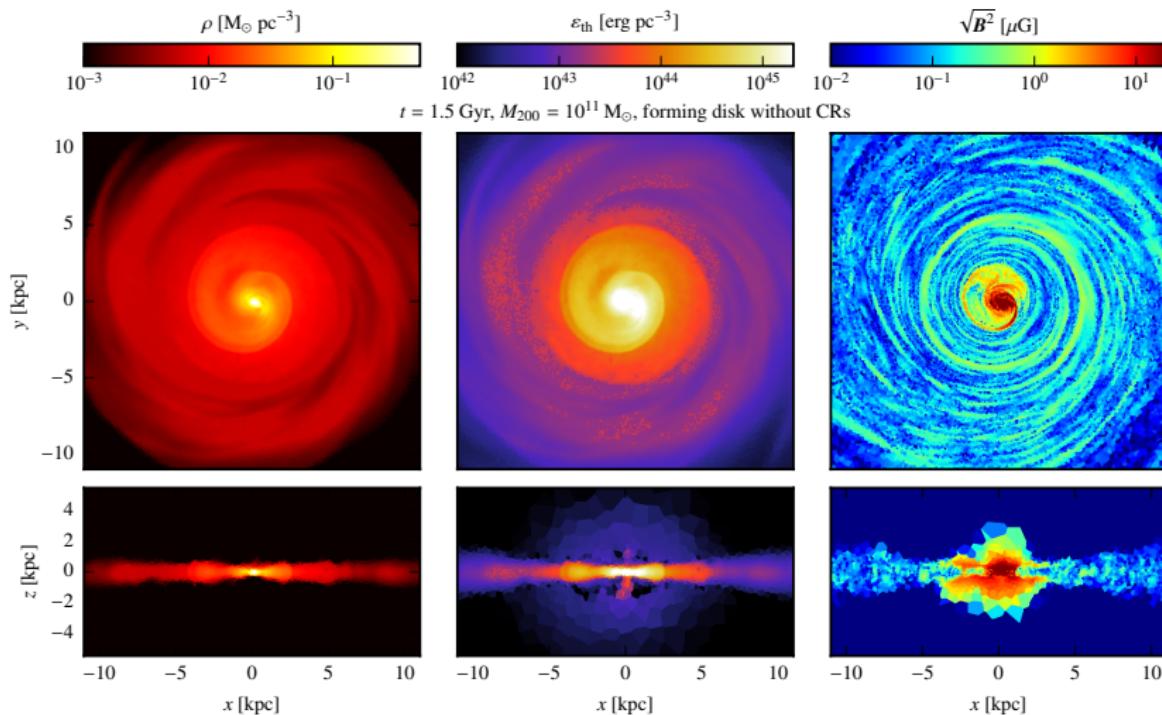


CP, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel (2017a)  
*Simulating cosmic ray physics on a moving mesh*

MHD + cosmic ray advection:  $\{10^{10}, 10^{11}, 10^{12}\} M_{\odot}$

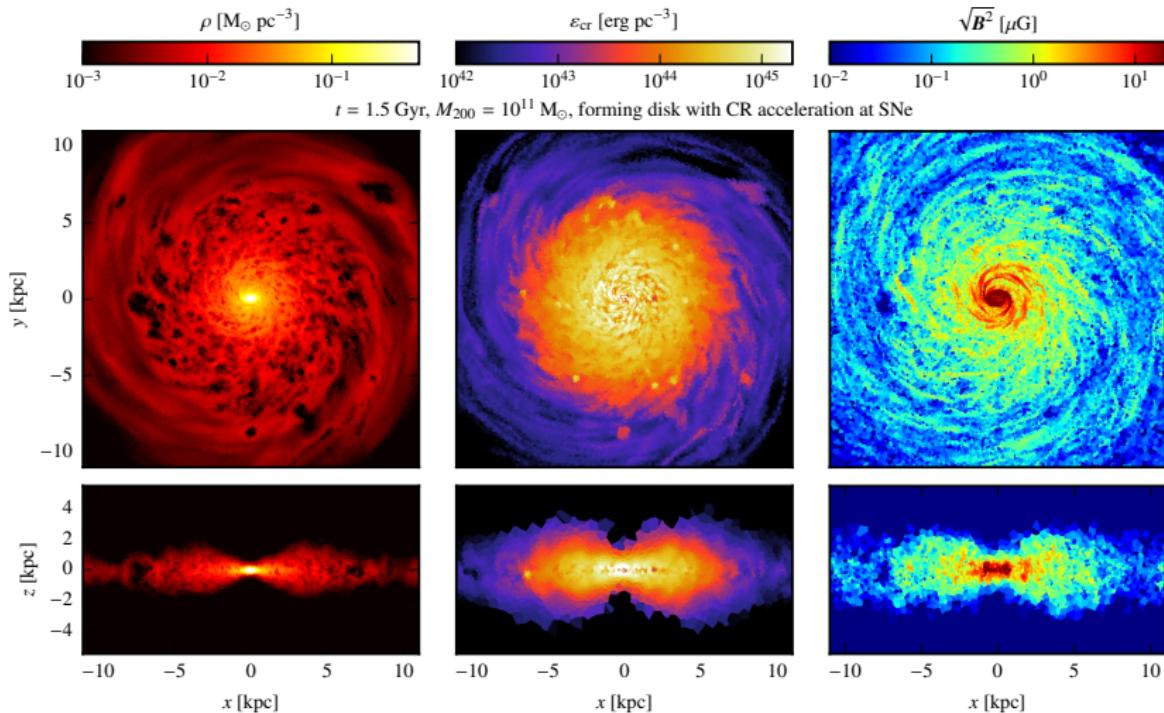


# MHD galaxy simulation without CRs



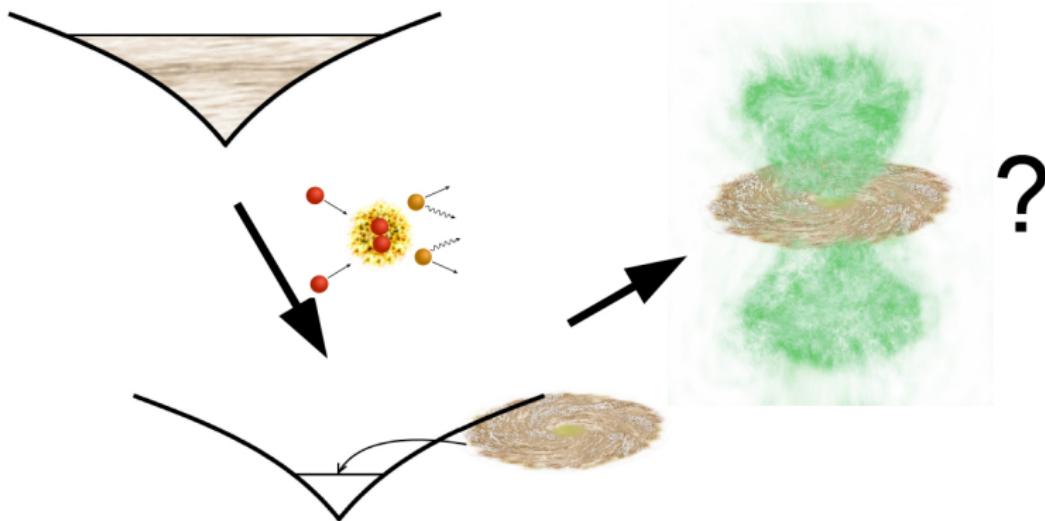
CP+ (2017a)

# MHD galaxy simulation with CRs



CP+ (2017a)

## Galaxy simulation setup: 2. cosmic ray diffusion

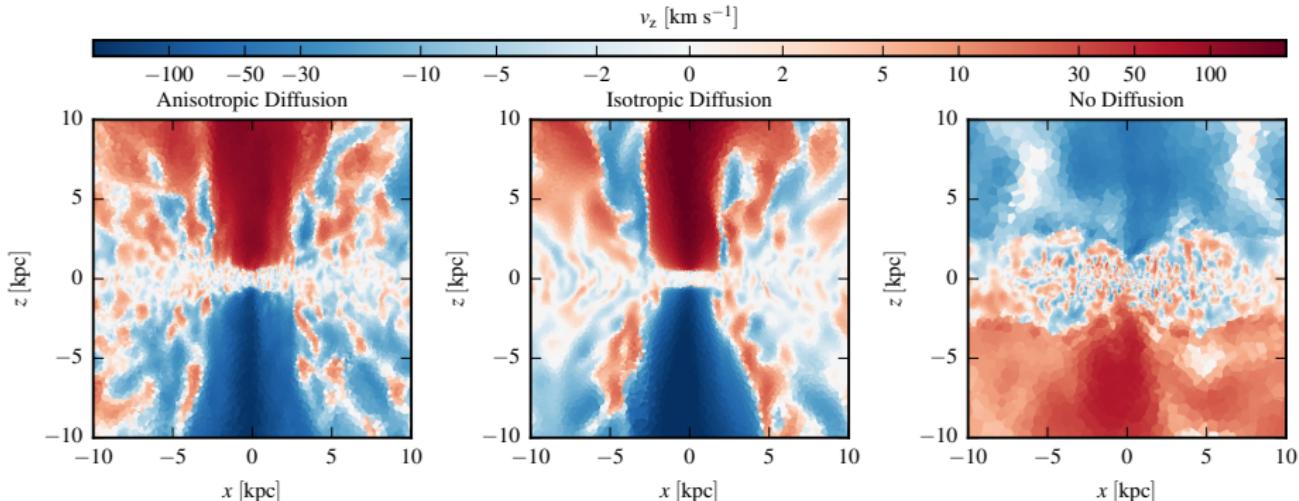


Pakmor, CP, Simpson, Springel (2016)

*Galactic winds driven by isotropic and anisotropic cosmic ray diffusion  
in isolated disk galaxies*

MHD + CR advection + diffusion:  $10^{11} M_{\odot}$

# MHD galaxy simulation with CR diffusion

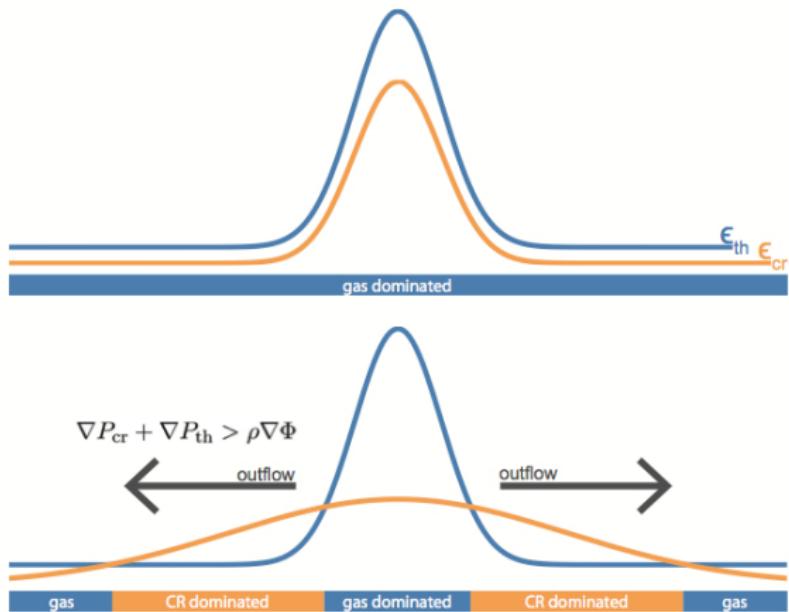


Pakmor, CP, Simpson, Springel (2016)

- CR diffusion launches powerful winds
- simulation without CR diffusion exhibits only weak fountain flows



# Cosmic ray driven wind: mechanism

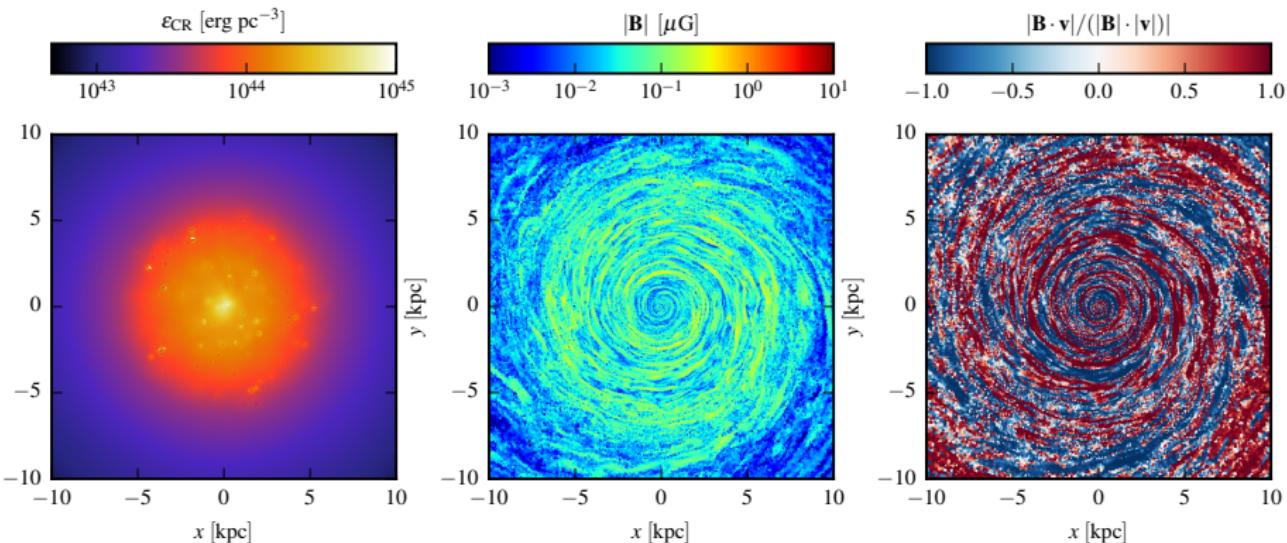


CR streaming in 3D simulations: Uhlig, CP+ (2012), Ruszkowski+ (2017)

CR diffusion in 3D simulations: Jubelgas+ (2008), Booth+ (2013), Hanasz+ (2013),  
Salem & Bryan (2014), Pakmor, CP+ (2016), Simpson+ (2016), Girichidis+ (2016),  
Dubois+ (2016), CP+ (2017b), Jacob+ (2018)



# MHD galaxy simulation with CR isotropic diffusion

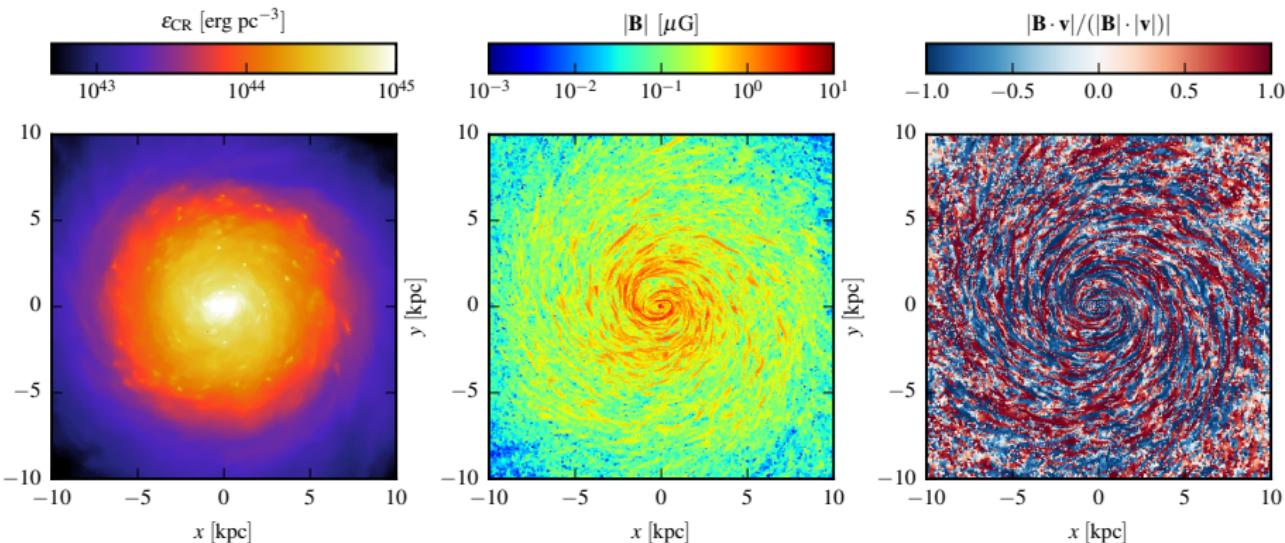


Pakmor, CP, Simpson, Springel (2016)

- CR diffusion strongly suppresses SFR
- strong outflow quenches magnetic dynamo to yield  $B \sim 0.1 \mu\text{G}$



# MHD galaxy simulation with CR anisotropic diffusion

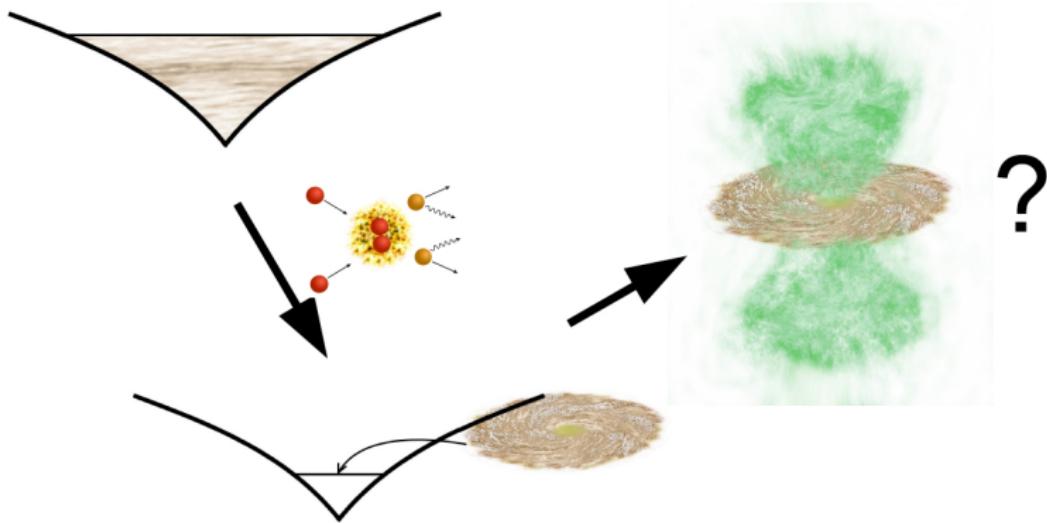


Pakmor, CP, Simpson, Springel (2016)

- anisotropic CR diffusion also suppresses SFR
- reactivation of magnetic dynamo: growth to observed strengths



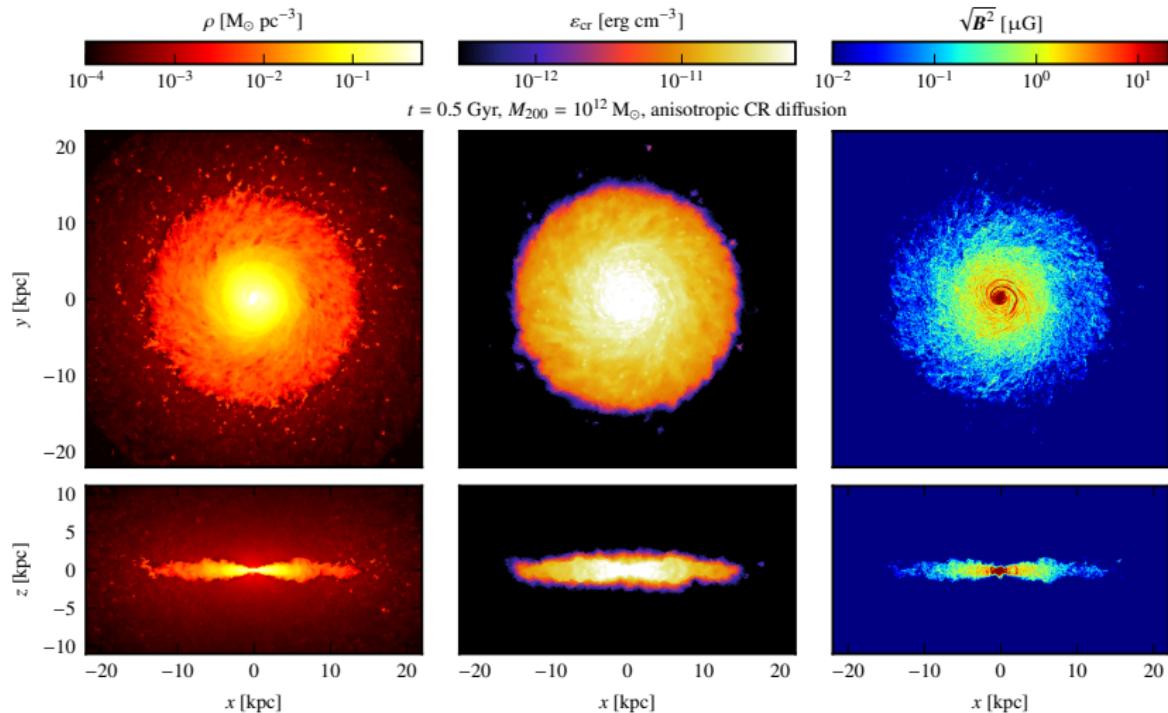
# Galaxy simulation setup: 3. non-thermal emission



CP, Pakmor, Simpson, Springel (2017b, in prep.)  
*Simulating radio synchrotron and gamma-ray emission in galaxies*

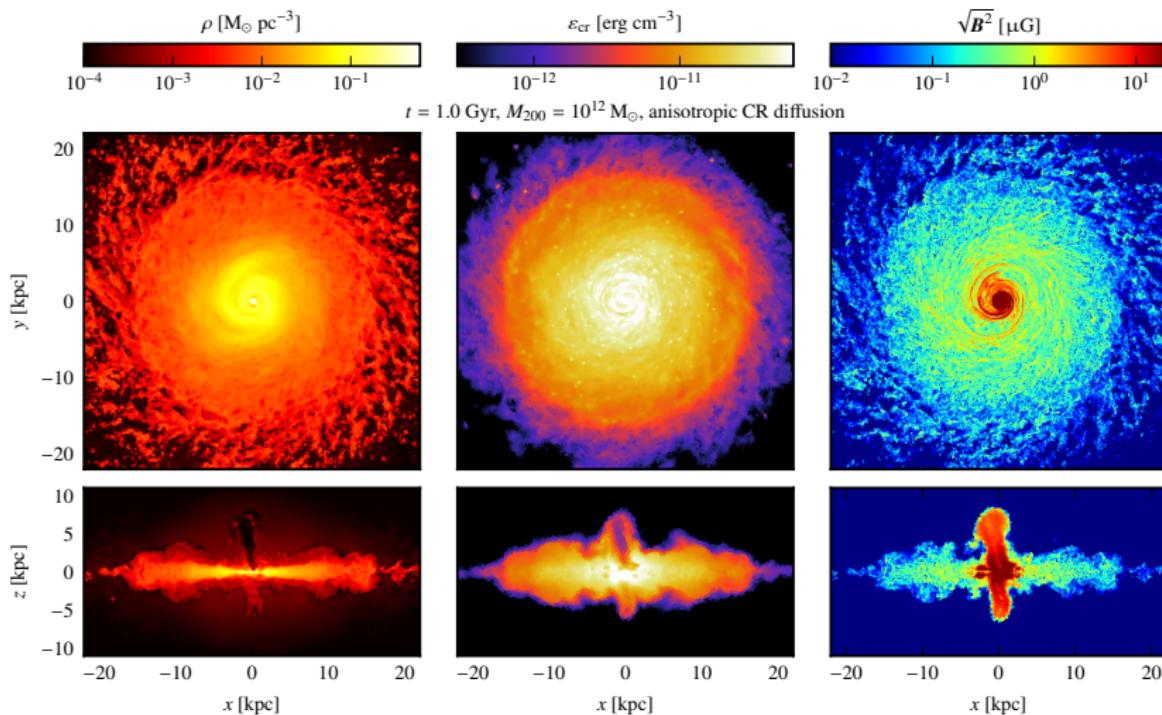
MHD + CR advection + diffusion:  $\{10^{10}, 10^{11}, 10^{12}\} M_{\odot}$

# Simulation of Milky Way-like galaxy, $t = 0.5$ Gyr



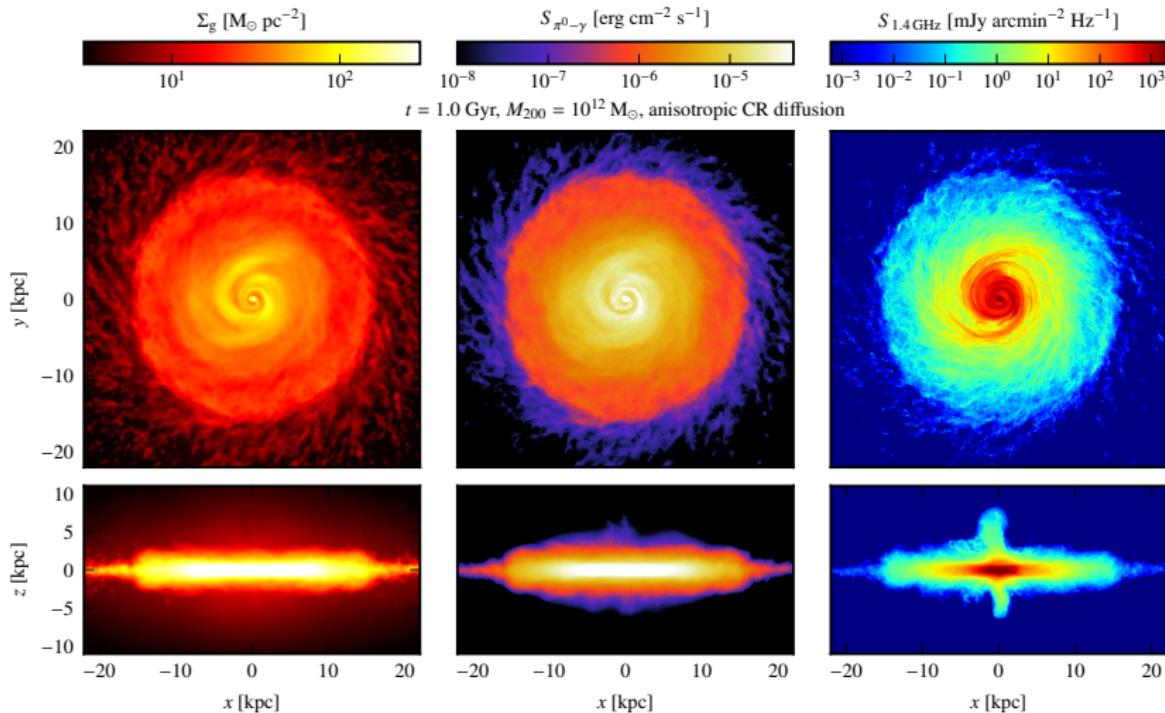
CP+ (2017b, in prep.)

# Simulation of Milky Way-like galaxy, $t = 1.0$ Gyr



CP+ (2017b, in prep.)

# $\gamma$ -ray and radio emission of Milky Way-like galaxy

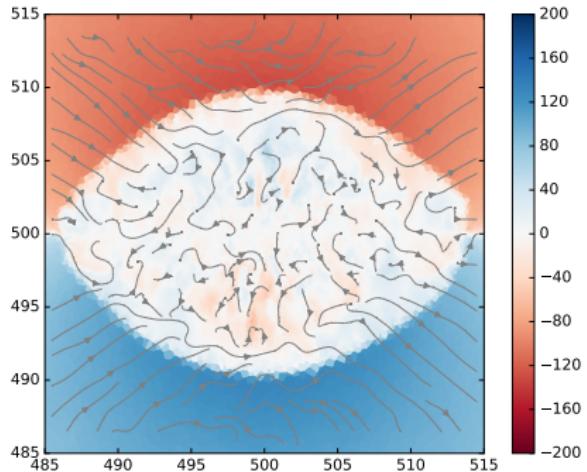


CP+ (2017b, in prep.)

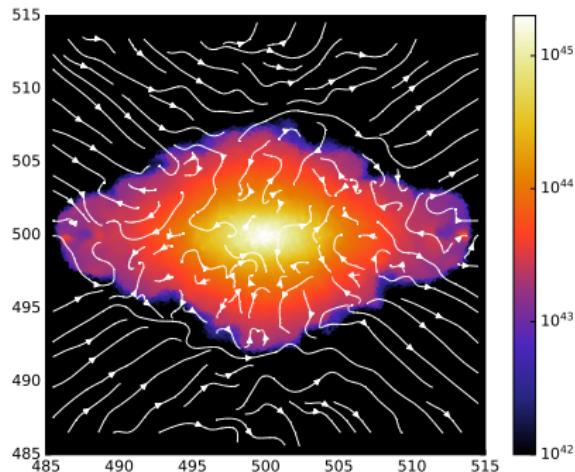
# Radio synchrotron polarization

Isolated galaxy simulation,  $M_{200} = 10^{11} M_\odot$ ,  $t = 0.5$  Gyr

vertical velocity



CR energy density



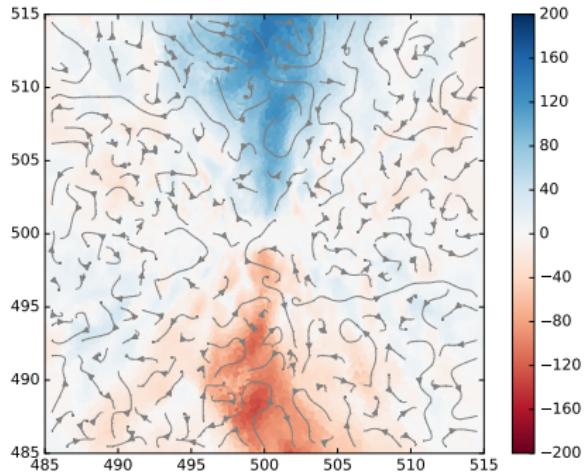
- arrows: projected polarized synchrotron emission at 5 GHz  
⇒ Faraday depolarization effects negligible



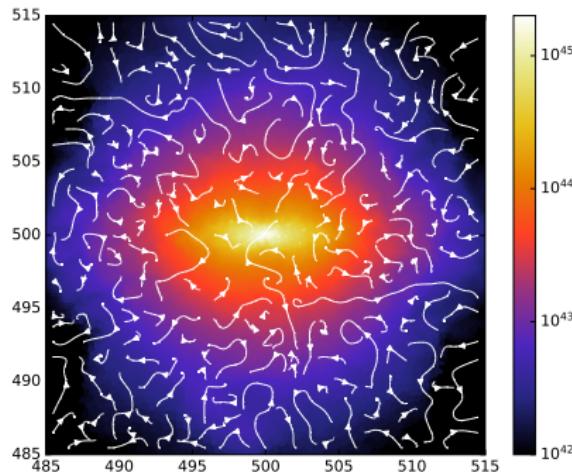
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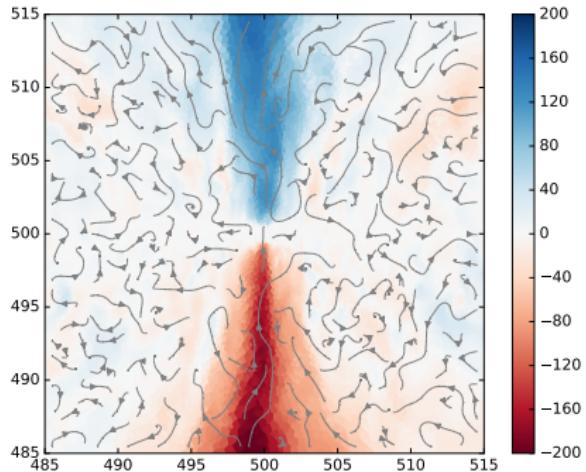
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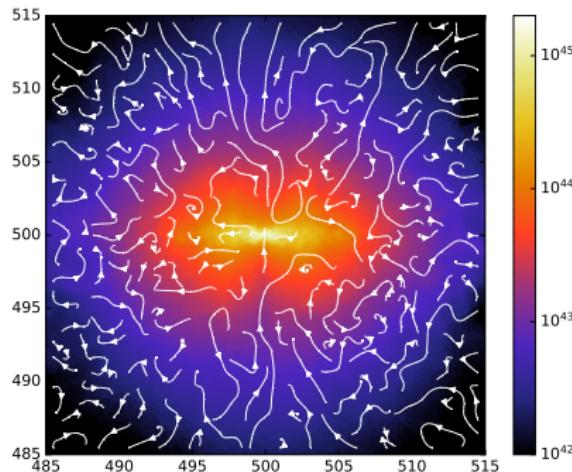
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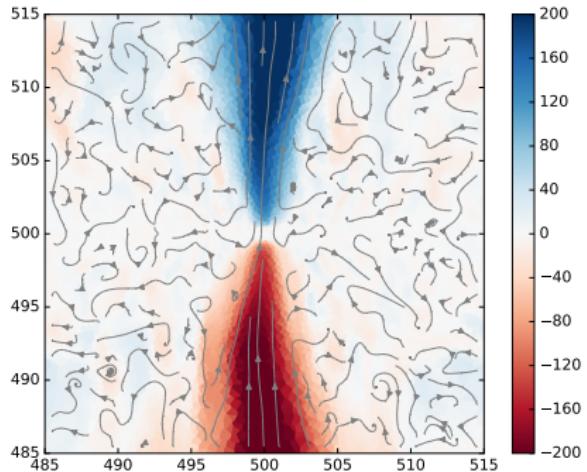
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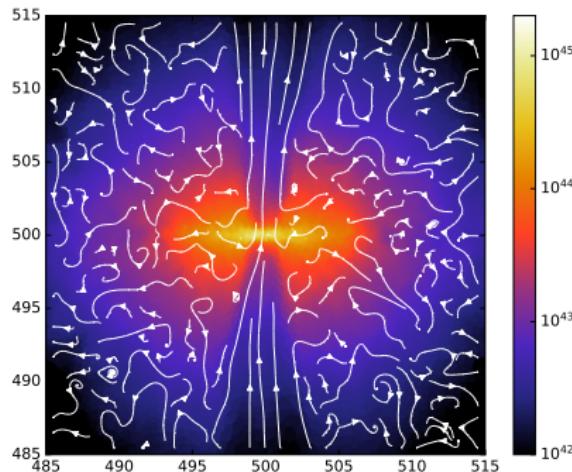
# Radio synchrotron polarization

Isolated galaxy simulation,  $M_{200} = 10^{11} M_\odot$ ,  $t = 2.0$  Gyr

vertical velocity



CR energy density



- arrows: projected polarized synchrotron emission at 5 GHz  
⇒ Faraday depolarization effects negligible

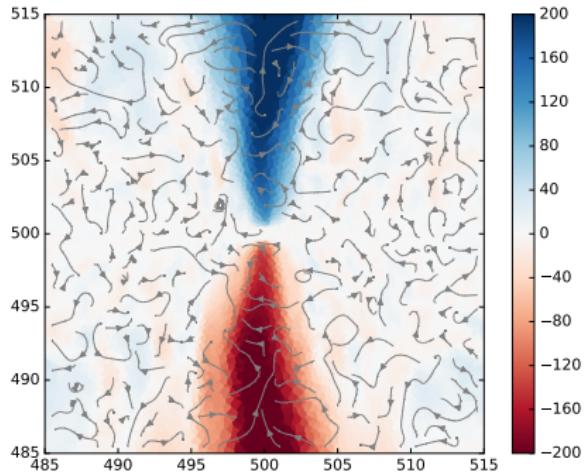


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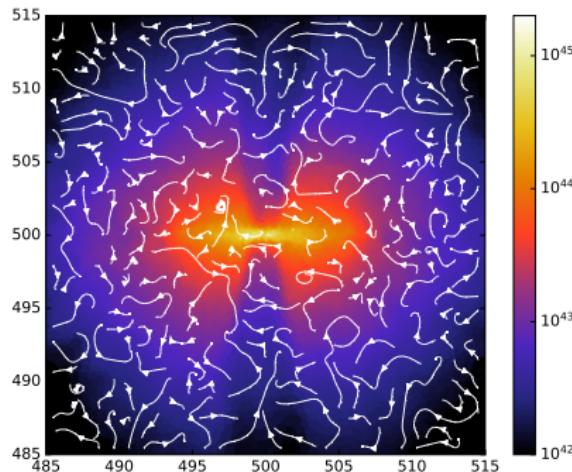
# Radio synchrotron polarization

Isolated galaxy simulation,  $M_{200} = 10^{11} M_\odot$ ,  $t = 2.0$  Gyr

vertical velocity



CR energy density

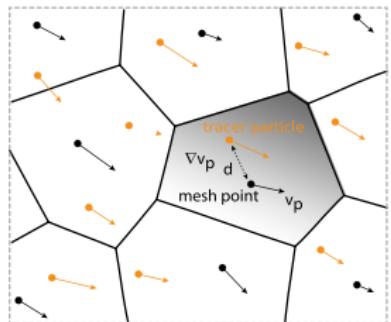


- arrows: projected polarized synchrotron emission at 100 MHz  
⇒ Faraday depolarization effects **important**



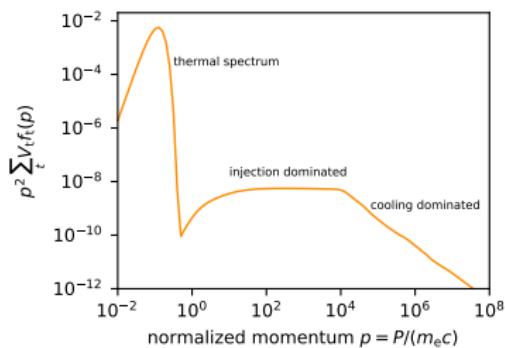
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# CREST - Cosmic Ray Electron Spectra evolved in Time



## CREST code (Winner+ 2019)

- post-processing MHD simulations
- on Lagrangian particles
  - adiabatic processes
  - Coulomb and radiative losses
  - Fermi-I (re-)acceleration
  - Fermi-II reacceleration
  - secondary electrons

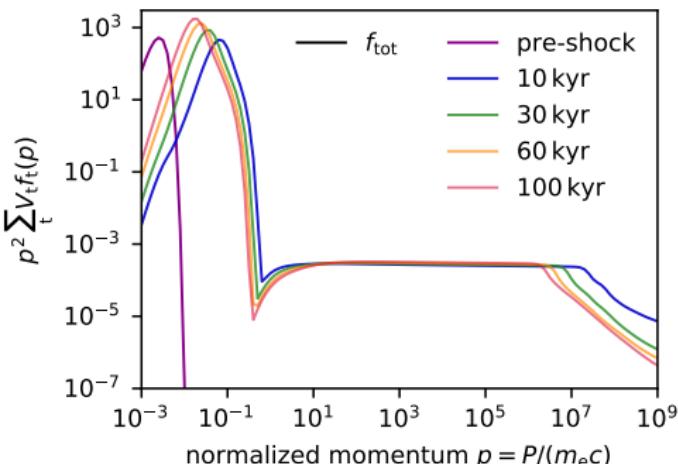
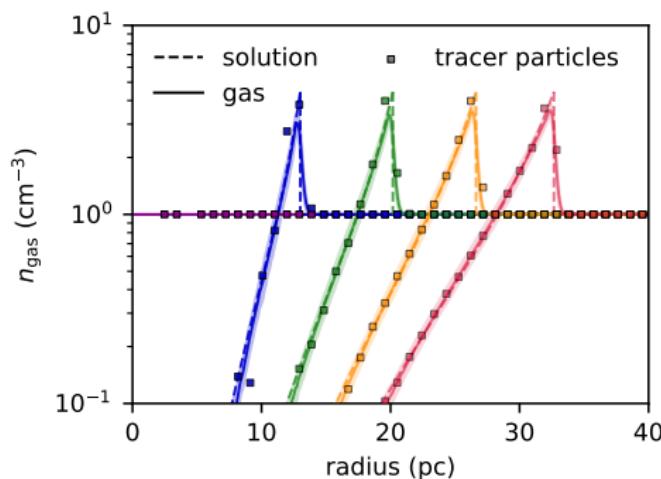


## Link to observations

- radio synchrotron
- inverse Compton  $\gamma$ -ray



# Sedov–Taylor blast wave: spectral evolution

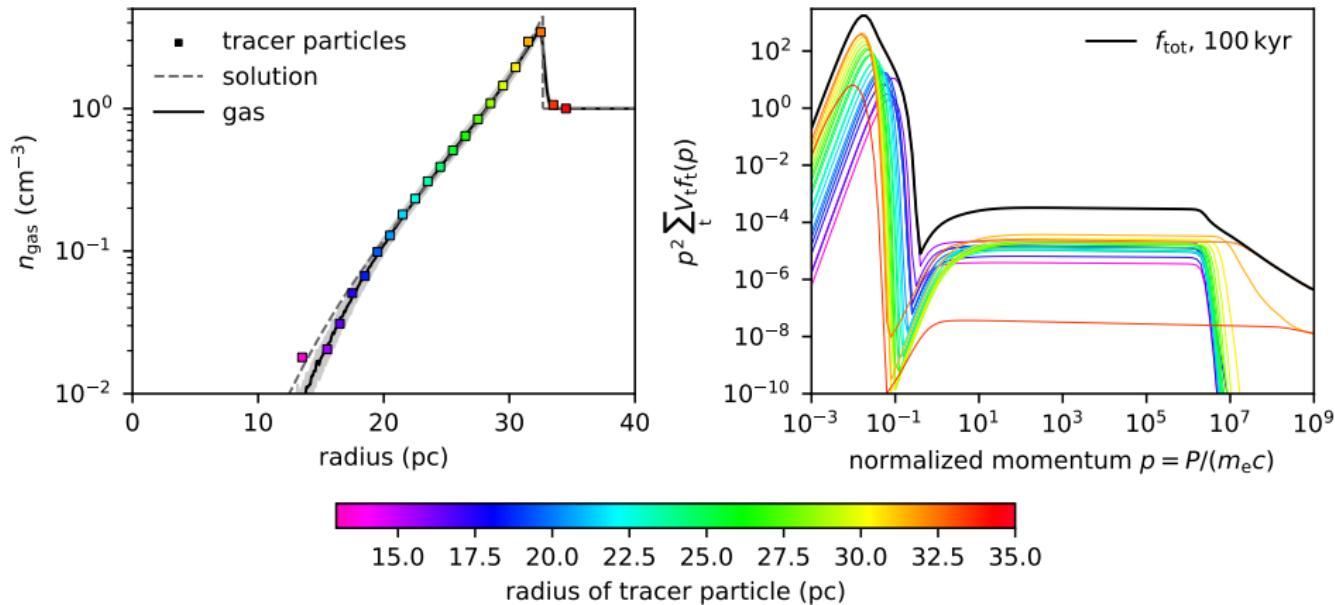


$$E_0 = 10^{51} \text{ erg}, n_{\text{gas}} = 1 \text{ cm}^{-3}, T_0 = 10^4 \text{ K}, B = 1 \mu\text{G}$$



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# Sedov–Taylor blast wave: radial contribution



# Conclusions on CR feedback in galaxies and clusters

- CR pressure feedback slows down star formation
- galactic winds are naturally explained by CR diffusion/streaming
- anisotropic CR diffusion necessary for efficient galactic dynamo:  
observed field strengths of  $B \sim 10 \mu\text{G}$
- more realistic radio modelling with CREST



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**outlook:** improved modeling of plasma physics, follow CR spectra,  
cosmological settings

**need:** comparison to resolved radio/ $\gamma$ -ray observations → **SKA/CTA**

# CRAGSMAN: The Impact of Cosmic RAys on Galaxy and CluSter ForMAtion

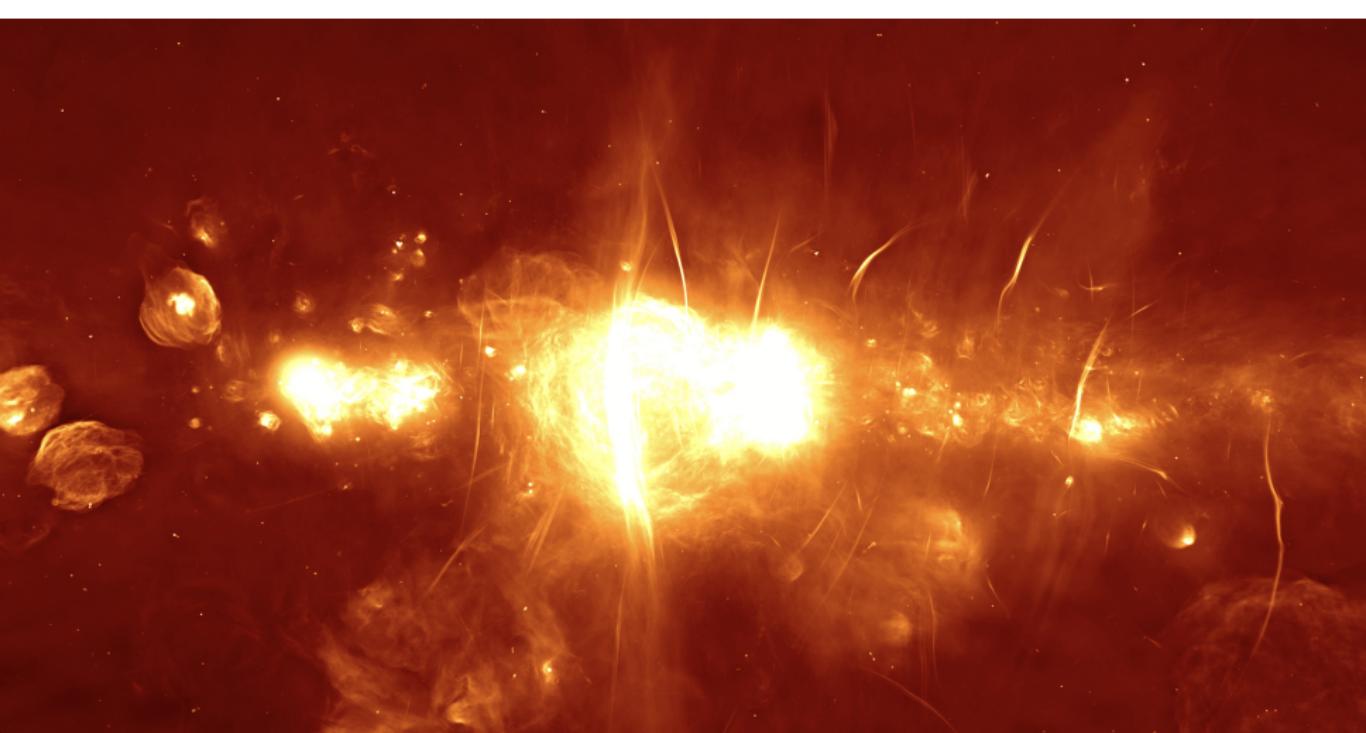


European Research Council  
Established by the European Commission

This project has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation program (grant agreement No CRAGSMAN-646955).



# MeerKAT: Galactic center region



# Literature for the talk

## Cosmic ray feedback in galaxies:

- Pfrommer, Pakmor, Schaal, Simpson, Springel, *Simulating cosmic ray physics on a moving mesh*, 2017a, MNRAS.
- Pakmor, Pfrommer, Simpson, Springel, *Galactic winds driven by isotropic and anisotropic cosmic ray diffusion in isolated disk galaxies*, 2016, ApJL.
- Thomas & Pfrommer, *Cosmic-ray hydrodynamics: Alfvén-wave regulated transport of cosmic rays*, 2019, MNRAS.

## Non-thermal radio and gamma-ray emission in galaxies:

- Pfrommer, Pakmor, Simpson, Springel, *Simulating Gamma-ray Emission in Star-forming Galaxies*, 2017b, ApJL.
- Winner, Pfrommer, Girichidis, Pakmor, *Evolution of cosmic ray electron spectra in magnetohydrodynamical simulations*, 2019, subm.

