Open question for plasma physics in galaxies: ISM, CGM and galactic winds

Christoph Pfrommer (AIP

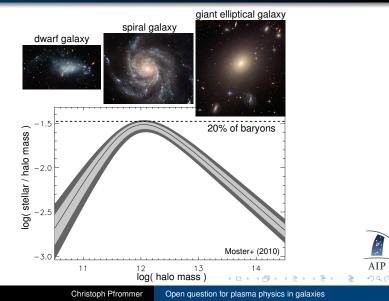
Plasma Observatory: Astrophysics Science Working Group, May 2025

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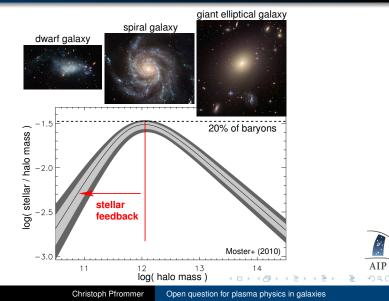
Galactic winds Plasma conditions Puzzles in galaxy formation Multi-phase ISM

Puzzles in galaxy formation



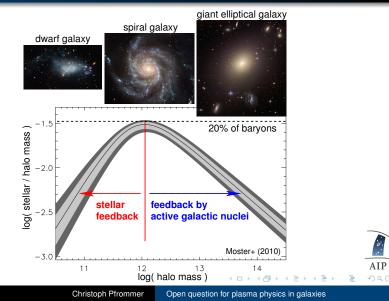
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Puzzles in galaxy formation



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Stellar feedback



super wind in M82

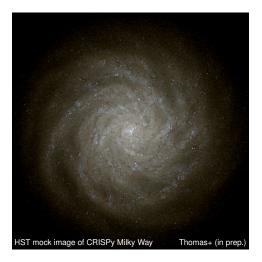
NASA/JPL-Caltech/STScI/CXC/UofA

- thermal pressure provided by supernovae or active galactic nuclei?
- radiation pressure and photoionization by massive stars and quasars?
- pressure of cosmic rays (CRs) that are accelerated at supernova shocks?



Galactic winds Plasma conditions Puzzles in galaxy formation Multi-phase ISM

Cosmic ray transport in galaxies



- CR transport in galaxies demands modeling non-linear Landau damping (in warm/hot phase) and ion-neutral damping (in disk)
- this requires resolving the multi-phase structure of the ISM
- development of CRISP framework (Cosmic Rays and InterStellar Physics, Thomas+ 2025)



Galactic winds Plasma conditions Puzzles in galaxy formation Multi-phase ISM

Multi-phase ISM modeling

CRISP framework

CR Sism CR Sism

Thomas, CP, Pakmor (2025)

Puzzles in galaxy formation Multi-phase ISM

Multi-phase ISM modeling









Full $H - H_2 - He$ chemistry sets ionization degree

First ionization stages of C - O - Si low temperature cooling

Photoelectric heating by dust

Thomas, CP, Pakmor (2025)

Puzzles in galaxy formation Multi-phase ISM

Multi-phase ISM modeling







Improved SNe treatment (manifestly isotropic) and stellar winds

FUV NUV OPT radiation fields (reverse ray tracing)

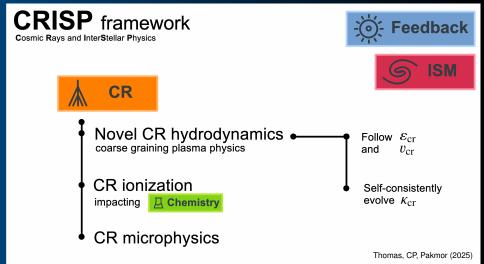
absorbed by dust — impacting 📙 Chemistry

Metal enrichment

Thomas, CP, Pakmor (2025)

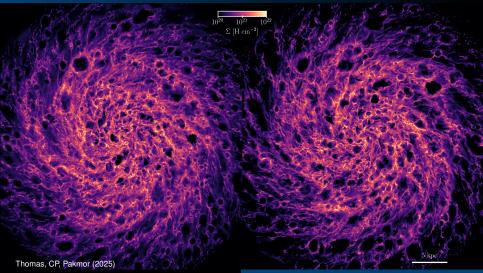
Puzzles in galaxy formation Multi-phase ISM

Multi-phase ISM modeling



Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Multi-phase ISM modeling



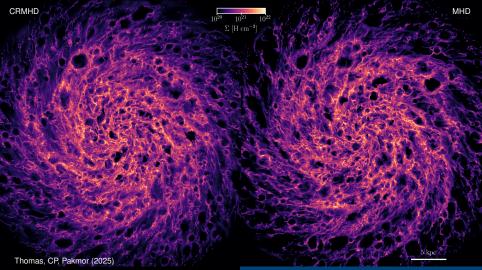
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Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Multi-phase ISM modeling

Cosmic rays barely affect the ISM because ion-neutral damping erases Alfvén waves



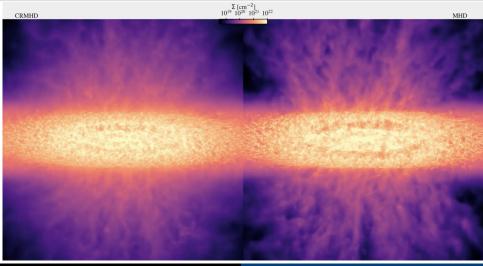
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Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Simulated Milky Way: surface density

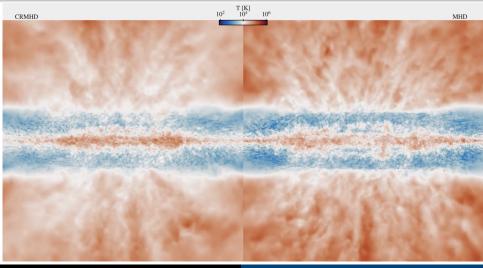
Cosmic rays drive galactic winds, ram pressure propells mainly galactic fountains



Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Simulated Milky Way: temperature

Galactic winds without cosmic rays are much hotter



Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Multi-phase ISM modeling

Cosmic rays make galactic winds much denser

CRMHD



Thomas, CP, Pakmor (2025)

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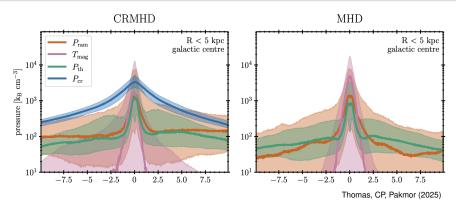
Open question for plasma physics in galaxies

 $5 \mathrm{kpc}$

MHD

Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Cosmic ray driven wind: mechanism



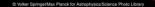
 CR pressure gradient dominates over thermal and ram pressure gradient and drives outflow:

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Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Cosmological galaxy formation



Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

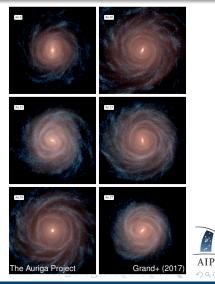
Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxy simulations

The galaxy formation model

- primordial and metal line cooling
- sub-resolution model for star formation (Springel+ 03)
- mass and metal return from stars to ISM
- cold dense gas stabilized by pressurized ISM
- thermal and kinetic energy from supernovae modeled by isotropic wind – launched outside of SF region
- black hole seeding and accretion model (Springel+ 05)
- thermal feedback from AGN in radio and quasar mode
- uniform magnetic field of 10^{-10} G seeded at z = 128

Simulation suite (Buck, CP+ 2020)

- 2 galaxies, baryons with $5\times10^4~M_\odot\sim5\times10^6$ resolution elements in halo, 2×10^6 star particles
- 4 models with different CR physics for each galaxy:
 - no CRs
 - CR advection
 - + CR anisotropic diffusion
 - + CR Alfvén wave cooling



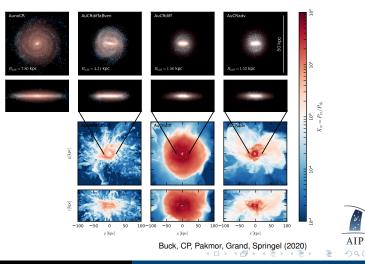
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Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxy simulations

Auriga MHD models: CR transport changes disk sizes

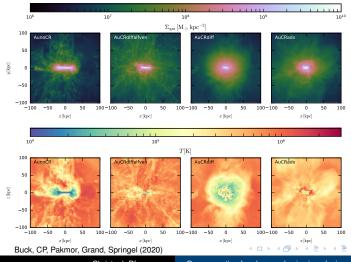


Introduction Galactic winds

Cosmic ray driven winds Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxies

Cosmic rays in cosmological galaxy simulations

Auriga MHD models: CR transport modifies the circum-galactic medium



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The interstellar plasma The circumgalactic plasma

Plasma formulae

- Plasma beta $\beta = \frac{P_{\text{th}}}{P_B}$
- Sonic Mach number $\mathcal{M}_s = \frac{V}{C_s}$
- Alfvénic Mach number $\mathcal{M}_{A} = \frac{V}{V_{A}} = \mathcal{M}_{s} \sqrt{\frac{\gamma}{2}\beta}$
- Spitzer mean free path:

$$\lambda_{\rm mfp} \sim \frac{1}{\pi n_{\rm i} \ln \Lambda} \left(\frac{k_{\rm B} T_{\rm e}}{Z e^2}\right)^2, \text{ where } n_{\rm i} = x_{\rm ion} n_{\rm i}$$
$$\ln \Lambda \sim \ln \frac{\lambda_{\rm D}}{r_{\rm e}} \sim \ln \sqrt{\frac{(k_{\rm B} T)^3}{n_{\rm e} 4 \pi Z^3 e^6}}$$

- Alfvén speed $v_A = \frac{B}{\sqrt{\mu_0 n_i m_i}}$
- Plasma frequency $\omega_{\rm e} = \sqrt{\frac{e^2 n_{\rm e}}{\epsilon_0 m_{\rm e}}} = \sqrt{\frac{m_{\rm i}}{m_{\rm e}}} \omega_{\rm i}$
- Cyclotron frequency $\Omega_{i0} = \frac{eB}{m_i}$

• Ion skin depth
$$d_i = \frac{V_A}{\Omega_{i0}} = \frac{c}{\omega_i}$$



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The interstellar plasma The circumgalactic plasma

Plasma parameters in the ISM

	ISM		
parameters	cold ($x_{\rm ion} \sim 10^{-3}$)	warm	hot
T [K]	10	10 ⁴	$10^{6} - 10^{7}$
<i>n</i> [cm ⁻³]	10 ³	1	$10^{-2} - 10^{-3}$
$\lambda_{\rm mfp}$ [cm]	10 ⁶	5×10^{11}	$3 imes 10^{17}$
<i>Β</i> [μG]	30	3	0.3
$v_{\rm A} [{\rm km} {\rm s}^{-1}]$	60	6	6
β	0.03	3	300
\mathcal{M}_{s}	0.1 – 1	0.3 – 10	0.1
\mathcal{M}_{A}	0.01	0.5 – 20	0.5
$\omega_{\rm e} [{\rm s}^{-1}]$	$5 imes 10^4$	$5 imes 10^4$	$5 imes 10^3$
$\Omega_{i0} [s^{-1}]$	0.3	$3 imes 10^{-2}$	$3 imes 10^{-3}$
d _i [cm]	$2 imes 10^7$	2×10^7	$2 imes 10^8$



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Plasma parameters in the CGM and ICM

parameters	CGM	ICM
<i>T</i> [K]	10 ⁶	$10^7 - 10^8$
<i>n</i> [cm ⁻³]	10 ⁻³	$10^{-3} - 10^{-4}$
λ_{mfp} [cm]	3×10^{17}	$5 imes 10^{21}$
<i>Β</i> [μG]	0.5	1
$v_{\rm A} [{\rm km} {\rm s}^{-1}]$	30	100
β	10	100
\mathcal{M}_{s}	0.1	0.1 – 2
\mathcal{M}_{A}	0.3	1 – 20
$\omega_{\rm e} [{\rm s}^{-1}]$	$1 imes 10^3$	$1 imes 10^3$
$\Omega_{i0} [s^{-1}]$	$5 imes 10^{-3}$	1×10^{-2}
<i>d</i> i [cm]	$7 imes 10^8$	$7 imes 10^8$



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The interstellar plasma The circumgalactic plasma

Review on cosmic ray feedback

Astron Astrophys Rev (2023) 31:4 https://doi.org/10.1007/s00159-023-00149-2

REVIEW ARTICLE



Cosmic ray feedback in galaxies and galaxy clusters

A pedagogical introduction and a topical review of the acceleration, transport, observables, and dynamical impact of cosmic rays

Mateusz Ruszkowski^{1,3} · Christoph Pfrommer²

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PICOGAL: From Plasma KInetics to COsmological GALaxy Formation



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Open question for plasma physics in galaxies